

# INSTALLATION GUIDANCE

Access Roads, Parking Lots Walkways, Pedestrian Areas & Slopes

# **Installation**



### **Product Description and Delivery Advice**

The Advanced Turf System consists of the following 3 components, each of which is supplied by Boddingtons Inc. and will be delivered onto the site on the date(s) that have previously been agreed with the customer.

1. The Advanced Turf System, (ATS400/B) rootzone. A composite blend of sand, organic matter and mesh elements.

This pre-blended rootzone will be delivered into site in 25 tonne bulk loads in articulated vehicles, unless smaller sized vehicles are otherwise requested when quotations are prepared. The ATS400/B rootzone will be laid and consolidated in 2 layers, so it is recommended that consideration is given to a location for tipping/stockpiling of the material when it arrives on site, thus avoiding double handling.





Sandy soil grown turf as specified.Only specified sandy soil grown turf, or turf grown on a sandy rootzone should be used, as conventional turf is wholly unsuitable for

use with the Advanced Turf System.

3. Pre-turfing fertiliser, as appropriate.











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Important Installation Notes for:

# All Advanced Turf (ATS) Applications

After reading the following notes, select the most appropriate installation method for your project.

- If the ATS400/B rootzone is to be stockpiled for long periods on site, it is recommended that it is sheeted over, to avoid contamination or mesh dispersal.
   It is possible that minor mesh separation will occur during transportation, but tipping from the vehicle and the installation process will correct this. Small remaining bundles of mesh can be dispersed by hand into the mix.
- The ATS400/B rootzone must not be hand raked, or bladed out with an excavator bucket that has teeth, as this will separate out the mesh. Always use machines fitted with non-toothed buckets/blades. Shovels, back of rake etc.
- The ATS400/B rootzone must not be placed, graded or consolidated in wet weather conditions during installation.
   Doing so may affect the soil structure and impair drainage characteristics. Allow the rootzone to drain prior to re-commencing consolidation after rain.
- Do not contaminate the ATS400/B rootzone with site debris and mud etc, when installing. Doing so may affect the structural and drainage capacity of the ATS400/B.
- Ensure that drainage and irrigation systems are not damaged by site traffic during installation. Avoid capping-off the tops of gravel filled drainage channels and the sub-base surface with site debris and mud etc. Doing so will affect drainage of the ATS400/B.

 Any small quantities or bundles of mesh that remain on the surface of the ATS400/B after levelling and consolidation are complete, can be hand picked off and disposed of, or may be burned off the surface with a flame gun if site conditions permit.

#### DO NOT RAKE.

- The ATS400/B rootzone should be kept damp but not saturated during installation, irrigation may be required prior to specified sandy soil grown turf and the fertiliser being applied.
- The fertiliser supplied by Fiberweb Geosynthetics has been specifically selected to ensure rapid grass establishment and it is critical that it is applied correctly prior to turfing.
- It is recommended that delivery of the turf is delayed until most of the ATS400/B rootzone has been installed, as the turf must be laid as soon as possible and within 1 day of delivery. This is particularly critical in hot or dry weather. Irrigation may be required during establishment of the turf.
- The turf must be firmed closely onto the surface to promote rapid rooting. Removing excessive surface mesh prior to laying the turf will assist in this. Top dressing the turf with a sand:soil blend after installation is optional, but will aid establishment.
- It is the responsibility of the specifier/ engineer and contractor to ensure that the site sub-grade, sub-base and drainage specifications and conditions are suitable for purpose prior to the installation of the ATS400/B rootzone layer.

#### **Installation Method For Walkways And Pedestrian Areas**

- 1. Survey and mark out the area of the site.
- Excavate the area to the required ATS400/B rootzone depth and remove all debris from the site, leaving a clean formation level.
- 3. Cultivate the sub-grade to a depth of 150mm and reconsolidate using a light roller without vibration, to simulate heeling. In some cases where a poor quality sub-grade soil exists, a layer of sandy loam may have been imported at this stage instead of carrying out the sub-grade cultivation; this sandy loam layer should be similarly consolidated.
- 4. Install drainage and irrigation systems as specified, then carefully re-cultivate between the drain lines where any heavy compaction has occurred, taking care not to damage or cap over the drainage/irrigation systems.
- Proceed with the installation of the ATS400/B rootzone as described for 'Access Routes', (Items 9 to 19).

For ATS400/B rootzone layers up to 150mm thick consolidation may be achievable in one layer where an adequately sized roller is selected. (Refer to Table 2)







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#### **Installation Method For Access Routes And Parking Areas**

- 1. Survey and mark out the area of the site.
- 2. Excavate the area to the required depth and remove all debris from the site, leaving a clean formation level.
- **3.** Prepare and proof roll the sub-grade formation to a tolerance of 20mm or as otherwise specified.

#### Then either:

- 4. Where the ATS400/B rootzone layer is less than 200mm thick and no sub-base is required.
  - Cultivate the sub-grade to a depth of 150mm and reconsolidate using a 0.5 to 1 tonne roller without vibration, to simulate heeling. In some cases where a poor quality sub-grade soil exists, a layer of sandy loam may have been imported at this stage instead of carrying out the sub-grade cultivation; this sandy loam layer should be similarly consolidated.
- 5. Install drainage and irrigation systems as specified, then carefully re-cultivate and re-consolidate between the drainage lines where any heavy compaction has occurred, taking care not to damage or cap over the drainage/irrigation systems.

### Then continue by following items (9 to 19) to complete the installation... Or

- Where the ATS400/B rootzone layer is 200mm thick or greater and where a sub-base is required.
  - Consolidate the sub-grade formation layer with several passes of a 1.5 to 2 tonne roller until the required sub-grade strength is achieved.
- 7. Place the required thickness of DoT Type sub-base or hardcore as specified, to a tolerance of 15mm or other specified tolerances and compact in layers in accordance with Department of Transport Specifications for Highway Works (See Table 1)
  - Where a free draining DoT Type reduced fines, permeable sub-base has been specified, this must be similarly compacted and then blinded off with a 25mm thick layer of 5 14mm sized gravel or crushed aggregate to BS882 or geotextile membrane.
- **8.** Install the drainage and irrigation systems as specified.
- **9.** Establish levels using pegs and lines or a laser, to help maintain a uniform layer thickness of the ATS400/B rootzone whilst laying to maximum tolerances of 15mm in 1m or as otherwise specified.

- 10. Place heaps of the ATS400/B rootzone in the construction area using a dumper/mechanical bucket etc. The quantities placed will be governed by the ATS400/B layer thickness to be consolidated and size of roller to be used for consolidation (refer to Table 2). Vehicles may travel slowly over the ATS400/B rootzone, provided that the rootzone is not wet and that it is thick enough to prevent rutting of the sub-grade/sub-base.
- **11.** Grade out the first layer of the ATS400/B rootzone using the bucket of an excavator and hand tools. On large areas, welding a 150mm diameter steel pipe to the bucket of the excavator will aid uniform spreading and levelling of the rootzone.
- **12.** Make a single pass over the rootzone with a smooth drum roller without vibration on, followed by the consolidation rates as specified in Table 2, with vibration on.
- **13.** Install the second ATS400/B rootzone layer using the same placement and levelling procedures and consolidation rates as for the first layer. Achieve final levels with hand tools and by placement of rootzone in localised low areas. Always roughen previously consolidated low spots prior to placing fresh rootzone and then re-consolidating as recommended. Tolerance 15mm in 1m.
- **14.** Installation fertiliser should be applied at the specified rate onto the surface (35g/m²).
- **15**. Apply the turf to the surface, preferably within 1 to 3 days of rootzone completion.
  - Turf should be laid so that edges are tightly butted together and it is firmed closely onto the surface. A top dressing of unreinforced rootzone or sand may be applied where specified, to assist knitting in of the turf.
- 16. Irrigate all the surfaces immediately and as required according to weather conditions. Turf may require frequent and daily irrigation until established during hot/dry weather.
  - Protect the areas from traffic and pedestrians until the grass has established and the roots have grown deeply into the rootzone. Turf will normally provide a fully trafficable surface after 2-4 weeks.
- **18.** After the recommended time period, re-apply the appropriate fertiliser (refer to maintenance advice) and carry out normal turfgrass maintenance practices.
- 19. Seasonal fertiliser applications will encourage strong healthy grass growth on the Advanced Turf surface and will ensure that its structural and agronomic properties are fully achieved.







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#### **Installation of Slopes**

- 1. The design of each slope will be project specific as variable sub-grade and sub-base materials will be involved. Consultation with a Fiberweb Geosynthetics technician is strongly recommended prior to slope construction and installation.
- 2. Placement and handling practices for the ATS400/B are the same as previously described for all other applications. However, for areas that involve placing of the ATS400/B rootzone onto steep slopes where consolidation using a roller is not possible, the consolidation procedure can be achieved by applying localised
- heavy pressure with the bucket of an excavator type machine. An operative should then use hand tools to carefully grade the slope to achieve an even finish, then re-consolidate.
- **3.** Specified sandy soil grown turf is the preferred surface finish option for slopes and it may require pegging into place until the roots have grown into the ATS400/B rootzone. Ground cover plants can be used as an alternative to turf.

Project specific technical advice for design and installation of Advanced Turf areas can be obtained from Fiberweb Geosyntheyics Ltd.

Table 1: Compaction Requirements for granular Sub-base Material.

Type of compaction Plant	Category	Number of passes for layers not exceeding the following Compacted thicknesses:		
		110mm	150mm	225mm
Smooth -wheeled Roller (or vibratory operating without vibration)	mass per metre width of roll:- 2700kg up to 5400kg over 5400kg	16 8	unsuitable 16	unsuitable unsuitable
Pneumatic-tyred roller	mass per wheel: over 4000kg up to 6000kg over 6000kg up to 8000kg over 8000kg up to 12000kg over 12000kg	12 12 10 8	unsuitable unsuitable 16 12	unsuitable unsuitable unsuitable unsuitable
Vibratory roller	mass per metre width of roll: over 700kg up to 1300kg over 1300kg up to 1800kg over 1800kg up to 2300kg over 2300kg up to 2900kg over 2300kg up to 3600kg over 3600kg up to 4300kg over 4300kg up to 5000kg over 5000kg	16 6 4 3 3 2 2	unsuitable 16 6 5 5 4 4	unsuitable unsuitable 10 9 8 7 6
Vibrating -plate compactor	mass per square metre of base plate: over1400kg up to1800kg/m² over1800kg up to2100kg/m² over 2100kg	8 5 3	unsuitable 8 6	unsuitable unsuitable 10
Vibro-tamper	mass: over 50kg up to 65kg over 65kg up to 75kg over 75kg	4 3 2	8 6 4	unsuitable 10 8
Power rammer	mass: 100kg up to 500kg over 500kg	5 5	8	unsuitable 12

Table 2: Advanced Turf System rootzone consolidation.

Type of compaction Plant	Category	Advanced Turf Rootzone*			
		Maximum compaction thickness (mm)	Number of passes required		
Vibratory roller	mass per metre width of vibratory roll:				
	over 270kg up to 450kg	75	8		
	over 450kg up to 700kg	75	6		
	over 700kg up to 1300kg	125	5		
	(e.g. A Bomag 80 or 120)				
	over 1300kg up to 1800kg	150	4		
	over 1800kg up to 2300kg	150	2		
	over 2300kg up to 2900kg	175	2		
	over 2900kg up to 3600kg	200	2		
Vibratory roller	mass per m2 of base plate of a vibratory roll:				
	over 880kg up to 1100kg	unsuitable	unsuitable		
	over 1100kg up to 1200kg	75	5		
	over 1200kg up to 1400kg	75	3		
	over 1400kg up to 1800kg	125	3		
	over 1800kg up to 2100kg	150	3		
	over 2100kg	200	3		

\*Important note: Where the heaviest vibratory roller available is less than 2900kg per metre width, then the rootzone must be laid and compacted in layers not exceeding 150mm (i.e. 200mm thickness to be laid and compacted

Extracted from The Department of Transport Specification for Highway Works. December 1991, reprinted August 1993.

Series 800 Road Pavements

Unbound Materials Table 8/1

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